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Chapter 400 Subdivision of Land and Site Plan Special Permits

[HISTORY: Adopted by the Planning Board of the Town of Harwich 11-12-2008. Amendments noted where applicable.]

Article I General Provisions

§ 400-1 Authority.

- A. Under the authority vested in the Planning Board of the Town of Harwich by MGL c. 41, § 81Q and all other applicable sections thereof, said Board hereby adopts these Rules and Regulations Governing the Division of Land and Special Permits including Site Plan Review in the Town of Harwich, Massachusetts, to supersede present regulations and to be effective on the date of adoption.
- B. For matters not covered by these rules and regulations, reference is made to MGL c. 41, §§ 81K to 81GG and MGL c. 40A.

§ 400-2 Original regulations; adoption of state law.

The Town of Harwich originally adopted local subdivision regulations made effective March 25, 1949. The State Subdivision Control Law, MGL c. 41, §§ 81A to 81Y, inclusive, was adopted by the Town of Harwich effective October 2, 1953.

§ 400-3 Title.

These rules and regulations of the Harwich Planning Board shall be known and may be cited as the "Rules and Regulations Governing the Subdivision of Land and Special Permits including Site Plan Review in the Town of Harwich, Massachusetts," which herein are called "these rules and regulations." As a short title, these rules and regulations shall be known and may be cited as the "Harwich Rules and Regulations."

§ 400-4 Purpose.

- A. These rules and regulations have been enacted for the purpose of protecting the safety, convenience, and welfare of the inhabitants of the Town of Harwich by regulating the laying out and construction of roadways in subdivisions providing access to the several lots therein, but which have not become public roadways, and ensuring sanitary conditions in subdivisions and, in proper cases, parks and open areas.
- B. The Harwich Planning Board, through these rules and regulations, shall pursue the objectives of:
- (1) Providing adequate access to all of the lots in a subdivision by roadways that will be safe and convenient for travel;
- (2) Lessening congestion in such ways and in the adjacent public ways;
- (3) Reducing danger to life and limb in the operation of motor vehicles;

- (4) Securing safety in the case of fire, flood, panic, and other emergencies;
- (5) Ensuring compliance with the applicable zoning bylaws;
- (6) Securing adequate provision for water, sewerage, drainage, and other requirements where necessary in a subdivision;
- (7) Coordinating the ways in a subdivision with each other and with the public ways in the Town of Harwich and with the ways in neighboring subdivisions;
- (8) Encouraging good subdivision design;
- (9) Ensuring sound community growth with minimum governmental costs consistent with the encouragement of the appropriate development of land; and
- (10) Relating new subdivisions to the Harwich Local Comprehensive Plan.

§ 400-5 Definitions.

For the purpose of these regulations, the terms and words defined in the Subdivision Control Law shall have the meaning given therein.

ABUTTER

A person who owns property that adjoins, or faces across a way, a lot/parcel that is the subject of the subdivision application or related procedure.

APPLICANT

An owner, agent, representative or assign who is authorized to propose and/or develop the proposed subdivision.

APPROVAL NOT REQUIRED (ANR) PLAN

A plan showing a division of land where each lot created is served by existing safe and adequate access (with limited exceptions). While an ANR does not require Planning Board approval, it does require Planning Board endorsement verifying that the plan is consistent with MGL c. 41, § 81L.

BOARD

The Planning Board of the Town of Harwich.

BYLAWS, GENERAL

Legislation governing aspects dealing primarily with administrative policies and quality of life in the Town of Harwich.

BYLAWS, ZONING

Legislation that deals primarily with land use in the Town of Harwich.

DEFINITIVE PLAN

A plan submitted for Planning Board approval which represents the proposed specifications for the division of land and construction of roadways and utilities (MGL c. 41, § 81L).

DRINKING WATER RESOURCE PROTECTION DISTRICT (DWRPD)

Any designated district falling within the recharge boundaries for the drinking water/aquifer area. This specially zoned area places limitations on certain uses within its boundaries as defined in Article V, Table 1 of the Harwich Zoning Bylaw. The Drinking Water Resource Protection Districts established in the Harwich Zoning Bylaw are shown on a map titled "Drinking Water Resource Protection District and Approved Zone II Delineations, Harwich, Massachusetts," dated December 1997, scale: 1:12,000, which map is on file in the office of the Town Clerk, the authenticity of said map to be established in the same manner as provided for establishing the authenticity of the Zoning Map.

[Amended 5-11-2010]

ENGINEER

A professional engineer registered in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

FRONTAGE

The boundary of a lot that runs adjacent to a roadway.

GENERAL LAWS

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts General Laws (MGL), with all additions and amendments. In case of a rearrangement of the General Laws, any citation of particular sections of the General Laws shall be applicable to the corresponding sections in the new codification.

LAND SURVEYOR

A professional land surveyor registered in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

LOT

A measured parcel of land having fixed boundaries and designated on a plot or survey in one ownership, with definite boundaries, used, or available for use, as the site of one or more lots or buildings.

PARCEL

A tract or plot of land in one ownership, with definite boundaries, used, or available for use, as the site of one or more lots or buildings.

PRELIMINARY PLAN

An informal and optional working plan which precedes a definitive plan used to confirm direction and details needed for a definitive plan submitted for Planning Board approval (MGL c. 41, § 81L).

ROADWAY

A traveled path that allows for safe and adequate access to lots and parcels. The term "roadway" shall mean, but is not limited to, street, place, path, court, trail, way, road, avenue, boulevard, etc. Roadways as referenced in Table 1, Recommended Geometric Design Standards for Roadways, are categorized as follows:

- A. **WAY**A traveled roadway which in the opinion of the Board is used to service abutting lots and is not intended for use by through traffic, and shall include any roadway servicing five or fewer lots or dwelling units.
- B. **MINOR**A traveled roadway which in the opinion of the Board is used to service abutting lots and is not intended for use by through traffic, and shall include any roadway servicing six to 49 lots or dwelling

units.

- C. **MAJOR**A traveled roadway collecting traffic from several minor roadways, and shall include any roadway servicing 50 to 99 lots or dwelling units.
- D. **COLLECTOR**A traveled roadway which in the opinion of the Board is being used or will be used as a thoroughfare between different sections of the Town, or which will be used as a principal access to a business or industrial subdivision, and shall include any roadway servicing 100 or more lots or dwelling units.

ROADWAY, PAPER

A way shown on a recorded plan but not built on the ground.

RULES AND REGULATIONS

A publication of the Planning Board which governs the procedures for the submission and approval of applications for subdivision, site plan review and special permits (MGL c. 41, § 81Q).

SUBDIVISION

The division of a tract of land into two or more lots, including resubdivision, and, when appropriate to the context, shall relate to the process of subdivision or the land or territory subdivided; provided, however, that the division of a tract of land into two or more lots shall not be deemed to constitute a subdivision within the meaning of the Subdivision Control Law if, at the time when it is made, every lot within the tract so divided has frontage on a public way or a way which the Town Clerk certifies is maintained and used as a public way, or a way shown on a plan theretofore approved and endorsed in accordance with the Subdivision Control Law, or a way in existence when the Subdivision Control Law became effective in the Town, having, in the opinion of the Planning Board, sufficient width, suitable grades and adequate construction to provide for the needs of vehicular traffic in relation to the proposed use of the land abutting thereon or served thereby and for the installation of municipal services to serve such land and the buildings erected or to be erected thereon. Such frontage shall be of at least such distance as is then required by the Zoning Bylaw of the Town for erection of a building on such lot, and if no distance is so required, such frontage shall be of at least 20 feet. Conveyances or other instruments adding to, taking away from, or changing the size and shape of lots in such a manner as not to leave any lot so affected without the frontage above set forth, or the division of a tract of land on which two or more buildings were standing when the Subdivision Control Law went into effect in the Town into separate lots on each of which one of such buildings remains standing, shall not constitute a subdivision (MGL c. 41, § 81L).

[Amended 5-11-2010]

SUBDIVISION CONTROL LAW

Sections 81K to 81GG, inclusive, of Chapter 41, General Laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and any modifications or additions thereto. See http://www.mass.gov/legis/laws/mgl/mgllink.htm.

UTILITIES

Sewers, surface water drains, water pipes, gas pipes, electric lines, telephone lines, fire alarm lines, cable television and/or internet lines, their respective appurtenances, and other like services.

WETLANDS

Resource areas subject to regulation under MGL c. 131, § 40 and the Town of Harwich Wetland Bylaw.

§ 400-6 Waiver of rules and regulations.

- A. As provided in MGL c. 41, § 81R, the Planning Board may waive strict compliance with these rules and regulations when, in its judgment, such action is in the public interest and not inconsistent with the intent or purposes of the Subdivision Control Law. However, it cannot waive those requirements that originate from the General and Zoning Bylaws.
- B. Applicants seeking waivers from the requirements of the rules and regulations must, at the time of filing of an application for approval, submit a separate written request for waivers. Said request shall:
- (1) Specify the waivers requested by section and subsection;
- (2) Provide a concise statement of the nature and extent of the waiver(s) requested; and
- (3) Specify the reason(s) for the request and how such waiver(s) would serve the public interest.
- C. In acting to approve waiver requests, the Board may consult with other agencies as appropriate and may impose reasonable conditions and/or requirements not expressly written in these rules and regulations, provided that such conditions or requirements represent a reasonable consideration for the waiver requested, serve the public interest, and are not unduly burdensome to the applicant.

§ 400-7 Informal discussions.

Requests for informal discussions shall be made to the Planning Department in writing. Written requests must include the requester's name, address, local phone number, and a brief explanation of the matter to be discussed with the Board. Such discussions will be scheduled for the next available time slot on the Board's regular meeting agenda. No informal discussions will be scheduled less than seven days prior to a meeting date.

§ 400-7.1 **Project review fees.** [Added 6-22-2010]

- A. Employment of consultants. In accordance with MGL c. 44, § 53G, the Planning Board, acting through the Town Planner, may require that applicants pay the reasonable cost for employment of outside consultants to review a proposed project. The Planning Board may use the project review fee to engage experts, other than attorneys, as outside consultants to assist the Planning Board in its review process.
- B. Establishment of special account. The project review fee shall be deposited with the Town Treasurer who shall establish a special account in accordance with MGL c. 44, § 53G. Expenditures from this special account may be made at the direction of the Town Planner under the overall guidance of the Planning Board, and shall be made only for services rendered in connection with a specific project for which a project review fee has been collected from the applicant. The consultant's review shall not commence until the Town Planner verifies receipt of the project review fee. Failure of an applicant to pay a required project review fee shall be grounds for finding the application incomplete.
- C. Reimbursement of excess amount. At the completion of the Planning Board's review of a project, any

excess amount in the account, including interest, shall be repaid to the applicant along with a final report of said account.

D. Administrative appeal. Any applicant may make a written administrative appeal from the selection of the outside consultant to the Board of Selectmen within 20 days after the Planning Board has delivered notice of the selection to the applicant. The grounds for such an appeal shall be limited to claims that the consultant selected has a conflict of interest or does not possess the minimum qualifications required for the task. The required time limit for action upon an application by the Planning Board shall be extended by the duration of the administrative appeal. In the event that no decision is made by the Board of Selectmen within one month following the filing of the appeal, the selection made by the Planning Board shall stand.

Article II Subdivision of Land

§ 400-8 Introduction.

- A. The primary intent of subdivision review is for protecting the safety, convenience, and welfare of the inhabitants of the Town of Harwich by regulating the laying out and construction of roadways which provide access to the lots within the subdivision.
- B. Applications for a subdivision may be submitted to the Planning Board under two conditions:
- (1) Access to the lots already exists and is safe and adequate*. Approval of a plan for subdivision by the Planning Board is not required for this type which is referred to as an "ANR." (*Most commonly. There are other situations where approval is not required pursuant to MGL c. 41, § 81L.)
- (2) Access to the lots does not exist or is not safe and adequate. Approval of the subdivision by the Planning Board is required (subdivision). Plans will be referred to as "subdivision" and may be submitted in the following forms:
- (a) Preliminary.
- (b) Definitive.
- (c) Modification or amendment of an approved plan.
- (d) Rescission of an approved plan.

$\S~400\mathchar`-9$ Approval not required (ANR) plan.

- A. Criteria for endorsement of ANR. In determining whether or not a plan constitutes a subdivision, the Board shall determine whether or not all three of the following standards have been met in accordance with MGL c. 41, §§ 81L and 81M:
- The lots shown on such plan must meet the minimum frontage requirements as specified in MGL c. 41, § 81L;
- (2) The lots shown on such plan must front on one of the three types of ways specified in MGL c. 41,

§ 81L:

- (a) A public way or a way that the Harwich Town Clerk certifies is maintained and used as a public way;
- (b) A way shown on a plan previously approved and endorsed in accordance with the Subdivision Control Law; or
- (c) A way in existence when the Subdivision Control Law became effective in the Town of Harwich; and
- (3) The Planning Board verifies that existing access to such lots provide sufficient width, suitable grades and adequate construction to provide for the needs of vehicular traffic in relation to the land abutting or served thereby and for the installation of municipal service to serve such land and the buildings existing thereon to be erected as specified in Table 1 of these rules and regulations.
- B. Determination of safe and adequate access. In determining whether or not existing access meets the standards as defined in these rules and regulations, the Planning Board will examine evidence as follows:
- (1) The applicant will provide all items listed in Appendix 4.
- (2) The Planning Board will circulate the application to the Town Engineer and Surveyor for general comments. When necessary, additional comments may be requested from the following departments:
- (a) Department of Public Works.
- (b) Fire Department.
- (c) Police Department.
- (3) All ways which are neither Town ways nor ways shown on a plan approved and endorsed in accordance with the Subdivision Control Law (existing private ways) must meet the minimum standards for new ways in the Town of Harwich as specified in Table 1 of these rules and regulations in order to be considered frontage for building purposes or the division of land for which approval under the Subdivision Control Law is not required. If such way is substandard, approval may be granted if the applicant agrees to complete the necessary improvements to the substandard way, said agreement to be filed in the form of a covenant at the time of approval of the definitive plan (MGL c. 41, § 81FF).
- C. Satisfaction of safe and adequate access. When in the opinion of the Planning Board the existing condition of the roadway does not meet the minimum standards for roadways in the Town of Harwich in order to be considered frontage for building purposes, and the necessary roadway improvements do not substantially change the nature, layout or composition of the roadway, the Planning Board may determine, without a public hearing, that submission of a subdivision plan for approval is not required by an affirmative vote of a majority of the Planning Board present, and in no event fewer than four members. Once the improvements have been made, the applicant may submit his request for determination of safe and adequate access. Improvements to Town roadways must also meet the requirements of Town of Harwich General Bylaws Chapter 255, Streets and Sidewalks.

§ 400-10 Subdivision filing.

- A. General filing requirements. Applications shall meet all requirements as specified in this section. Failure to file a complete application with the Planning Board may be considered grounds for denial of Board approval (MGL c. 40A, §§ 9 and 14).
- (1) Prior to submitting any plans showing a proposed road to the Board, the applicant will cause the intersection of the center line of the proposed road and the existing road to be staked on the ground with one point, for inspection by the Board.
- (2) Prior to submission to the Planning Board, the applicant shall file with the Town Clerk, by delivery or registered mail, a complete set of application materials, including plans and supporting documents to be stamped with the date of submission.
- (3) All taxes, assessments, and charges relative to land being subdivided must be paid in full prior to submission of the application. The applicant shall be responsible for obtaining a municipal lien certificate from the Town Treasurer indicating that all taxes, assessments, and charges have been paid in full.
- (4) For preliminary and definitive plans of a subdivision, the information requested shall be submitted by the applicant to both the Planning Board and Board of Health for discussion and approval, modification, or disapproval. The submission of a preliminary plan will enable the applicant, the Planning Board, the Board of Health and other local agencies to discuss and clarify the problems of such subdivision before a definitive plan is prepared.
- (5) Protection of natural features. Due regard shall be shown for all natural features, such as large trees, watercourses, ponds, wetlands, beaches, dunes, scenic points, historic spots, and similar community assets, which, if preserved, will add attractiveness and value to the subdivision.
- (6) When a filed subdivision plan is to be revised, six full-size copies of the revised subdivision plan which must show the latest revision date and the word "Revised" in bold capital letters, must be submitted to the Town Clerk's office no later than 10 days prior to the next scheduled discussion of the application by the Board. Failure to meet this deadline may cause discussion of the application to be continued until a subsequent meeting or, if the Board is constrained by an action deadline, could result in the denial of said plan (MGL c. 41, § 81S).
- (7) All other requirements as listed in Appendix 4 shall be met.
- B. Plan, profile and cross-section requirements.
- (1) All plans shall be prepared and stamped by a professional land surveyor and shall be clearly and legibly drawn in permanent ink upon a reproducible material acceptable for recording at the Registry of Deeds or in Land Court, complying with the requirements of the Registry of Deeds and Land Court, if applicable, and having an error of closure not to exceed 1:12,000.
- (2) When a separate plan and profile are submitted, they shall be of the same exact size. The plan and

profile shall be prepared and stamped by a professional engineer.

- (3) All other requirements as listed in Appendix 4 shall be met.
- C. Additional requirements.
- Special permits. All applications must comply with any additional requirements as stated in the Zoning Bylaw, Article V, Table 1, such as flexible cluster, open space residential (see Chapter 325, Zoning, § 325-51E), and Six Ponds District.
- (2) Naming new ways. Three proposed street names shall be submitted with a subdivision plan. Duplicate street names or names similar to existing street names shall not be considered.
- (3) Renaming existing ways. Refer to MGL c. 85, §§ 3 and 3B and MGL c. 41, § 74 which require that the Planning Board notice and hold a public hearing to change the name of an existing way. See also the Town of Harwich General Bylaws Chapter 255, Streets and Sidewalks, for petition requirements along private ways.
- (4) The Planning Board may require additional information as necessary.

§ 400-11 Subdivision review procedure.

- A. Approval not required (ANR).
- (1) A plan showing a division of land where each lot created is believed to be served by existing adequate access shall be submitted for a determination as to whether or not the plan requires approval by the Planning Board under the Subdivision Control Law. The plan will be scheduled for action by the Board at the earliest reasonable date but no later than 21 days after filing with the Town Clerk's office (MGL c. 41, § 81P). [Amended 5-11-2010]
- (2) If the Board determines that the plan does not require approval, it shall without a public hearing and without unnecessary delay endorse the plan with the words "Approval under the Subdivision Control Law Not Required."
- (3) The Board may add to such endorsement a statement of the reason approval is not required. Notice of the Board's endorsement shall be made to the Town Clerk and the applicant. The original plan shall be returned to the applicant.
- (4) If the Board determines that the plan does require approval under the Subdivision Control Law, it shall give written notice of its determination to the Town Clerk and the applicant.
- (5) If the Board fails to act upon a plan submitted under this section within 21 days after its submission, it shall be deemed to have been determined that approval under the Subdivision Control Law is not required, and it shall make such endorsement on the plan. If the Board fails to do so, the Town Clerk shall issue a certificate to the same effect. In either case, the original shall be delivered to the applicant.
- B. Preliminary plan.

- (1) Action.
- (a) Within 45 days after submission of a preliminary plan, the Planning Board shall approve with modifications, or disapprove the preliminary plan. In the case of disapproval, the Board must state specific reasons for denial. Said notice of decision shall be filed with the Town Clerk and sent via certified mail to the applicant.
- (b) Approval of a preliminary plan does not constitute approval of a subdivision. The rules and regulations in effect at the time of submission of such preliminary plan shall govern the definitive subdivision plan evolved from such preliminary plan, provided that such definitive plan is submitted within seven months of the submission of the preliminary plan.
- (2) Certificate of approval (decision). The action of the Board with respect to a preliminary plan shall be by vote, copies of which shall be certified by and filed with the Town Clerk and sent by certified mail to the applicant. If the Board modifies or disapproves the plan, it shall state specifically the reasons for its action.
- C. Definitive plan, including modification, amendment or rescission. All procedures relating to the submission and approval of a subdivision plan of land shall, so far as apt, be applicable to the approval of the modification, amendment, or rescission, and to the plan which has been changed. A public hearing is required before approval, modification of approval, disapproval or rescission of the definitive plan is given.
- (1) Public notice. A public hearing shall be held by the Board, with notice of the time and place of the hearing as well as the subject matter, sufficient for identification, as follows:
- (a) The Board shall give notice by posting such notice in a conspicuous place in the Town Hall for a period of not less than 14 days before the day of such hearing;
- (b) The Board shall give notice by advertisement in a newspaper of general circulation in the Town of Harwich, once in each of two successive weeks, the first publication being not less than 14 days before the day of such hearing; and
- (c) The applicant shall give notice by mailing a copy of such advertisement via certified mail, return receipt, to property owners within 300 feet abutting the subject property, which may also include abutters to abutters, and properties across the roadway from the subject property. The advertisement and list of abutters, to include names and addresses of abutters certified by the Harwich Board of Assessors, will be supplied to the applicant by the Planning Department. Said notice shall be mailed out no less than 10 days prior to the scheduled public hearing. A copy of the certified mail receipts must be filed with the Planning Office and the original returned "green cards" shall be submitted as well.
- (2) Public hearing. At a public hearing a presentation is made by the applicant and the Board reviews and considers all information and comments submitted by interested parties and discusses the merits of the application. The Board, on its own motion or acting on the petition of any person interested, may modify, amend, or rescind its approval of a plan of a subdivision or require a change in a plan as a

condition of its retaining the status of an approved plan.

- (3) Action. The Planning Board must take final action and file a notice of decision with the Town Clerk within 90 days of the filing date, provided that the definitive filing was preceded by a preliminary plan within the last seven months or 135 days if either there was no preliminary plan or 45 days have not elapsed since the submission of the preliminary plan. It may approve, modify and approve, or disapprove said plan as provided by statute. In the case of disapproval, the Board must state specifically where the plan does not comply with the rules and regulations or the recommendation of the Board of Health or Health Officer. The Planning Board shall file said decision with the Town Clerk and shall send via certified mail a copy of the decision to the applicant.
- (4) Certificate of approval (decision). The action of the Board with respect to a definitive plan shall be by vote, copies of which shall be certified by and filed with the Town Clerk and sent by certified mail to the applicant. If the Board modifies or disapproves the plan, it shall state specifically the reasons for its action. Approval, if granted, shall be endorsed on the original drawing of the plan by the signatures of a majority of the Board (or by the signature of the person officially authorized by the Board) but not until the statutory twenty-day appeal period has elapsed following the filing of the certificate of the action of the Board with the Town Clerk and said Clerk has notified the Board that no appeal has been filed.
- D. Performance guarantee. The Board shall require, before endorsement of its approval of a definitive plan of a subdivision, that the applicant shall agree to complete the required improvements specified in § 400-14 according to his plans and profiles, such construction and installation to be secured by one, or in part by one and in part by the other, of the methods described below. In addition, other methods may be approved by the Planning Board.
- (1) Approval with financial security, to include escrow, bonds, and surety. The applicant shall post a financial security in an amount determined by the Board to be sufficient to cover the cost of the improvements shown on the subdivision plans. Such financial security, if filed or deposited, shall be approved as to form and manner of execution by Town Counsel and as to sureties by the Harwich Town Treasurer. Such financial security shall be contingent on the completion of such improvements within two years of the filing of other surety. At the discretion of the Board, a time extension may be granted.
- (2) Approval with covenant. The applicant shall file a covenant (Form B-2), executed and duly recorded with Barnstable County Registry of Deeds by the owner of record, running with the land, whereby such ways and services as shown on the plans shall be provided to serve any lot before such a lot may be built upon or conveyed, other than by mortgage deed, provided that a mortgagee who acquires title to the mortgaged premises by foreclosure or otherwise and any succeeding owner of the mortgaged premises or part thereof may sell any such lot, subject to that portion of this covenant which provides that no lot shall be built upon until such ways and services have been provided to serve such lot, and provided, further, that nothing herein shall be deemed to prohibit a conveyance by a single deed, subject to such covenant, of either the entire parcel of land shown on the subdivision plan or of all lots not previously released by the Board.
- E. Recording of plan. Once the plan and covenant have been recorded, documentation of said recording

shall be filed with the Planning Board. Upon receipt of notification of recording, the Board shall file one print of the definitive plan with the Building Department. In accordance with the statute, where approval with covenant is noted, the Building Department shall issue no permit for the construction of a building on any lot within the subdivision except upon receipt from the Board of a copy of the certificate of release of covenant (Form B-3) releasing the lot or lots in question (see Subsections **F** and **G** below). In addition, no site work or road construction work shall commence until the plan and covenant have been recorded and documentation of said recording shall be filed with the Planning Board.

- F. Evidence of satisfactory performance. Before the Board will release the interest of the Town in a performance bond or deposit or, in the case of approval with covenant, issue a release of covenant the following must be submitted to and approved by the Board:
- (1) A certification shall be done by a professional engineer with the following statement or similar statement: "All roadways, sidewalks, sewers, storm drains, and water mains and their appurtenances shown have been constructed in accordance with the approved design plan." Certification shall be by the professional engineer employed by the applicant at his or her own expense.
- (2) An as-built drawing shall be prepared and certified by a professional land surveyor in accordance with Appendix 4 with the following statement or similar statement: "All roadways, sidewalks, sewers, storm drains, and water mains and their appurtenances shown have been laid out in accordance with the lines and grades of the approved plan and are accurately located as shown hereon." Certification shall be by the professional land surveyor employed by the applicant at his or her own expense.
- (3) The Board shall obtain in writing from the Town Engineer a statement that all work required by the rules and regulations and the approved definitive subdivision plan has been inspected by him or her and completed in each roadway in the subdivision (or the roadway or roadways serving the lots in question), including storm drains, bridges, and sidewalks, and that he or she has approved the methods of construction and materials used in the performance of such work.
- (4) The Board shall obtain in writing from the Board of Water Commissioners a statement that it has inspected and that the applicant has completed each water main and its appurtenances in accordance with the requirements of these rules and regulations and that it has approved the methods of construction and materials used in the performance of such work.
- (5) The applicant shall execute an instrument, in a form approved by the Board, transferring to the Town or to an approved public utility company, without cost, valid unencumbered title to all water mains and appurtenances thereto constructed and installed in the subdivision or approved portion thereof and conveying to the Town or to an approved public utility company, without cost and free of all liens and encumbrances, perpetual rights and easements to construct, inspect, repair, renew, replace, operate, and forever maintain such water mains, with any manholes, pipes, conduits and other appurtenances, and to do all acts incidental thereto, in, through and under the whole of all roadways in the subdivision or approved portion thereof, and if any such sewers or water mains have been constructed and installed in land not within such roadways, then in, through, and under a strip of land extending 10 feet in width on each side of the center line of all such water mains.

- G. Release or partial release of performance guarantee.
- (1) The penal sum or the amount of any financial security held under Subsection **D**, Performance guarantee, above may, from time to time, be reduced by the Board and the obligations of the parties thereto released by the Board in whole or in part. If release is by reason of covenant, a new plan of the portion to be subject to the covenant may be required.
- (2) A request for a full or partial release of security will be considered by the Board no sooner than 10 days after the Planning Department has received a written request for the release, subject to the availability of Town officials to perform the required inspections of the respective improvements and furnish written reports to the Board.
- (3) Upon completion of improvements shown on the applicant's plans, security for the performance of which was given by financial security or covenant, or upon the performance of any covenant with respect to any lot, the applicant shall submit to the Town Clerk and the Planning Board a written statement that said construction or installation in connection with which such financial security or covenant has been given has been completed in accordance with these rules and regulations, such statement to contain the address of the applicant.
- (4) Upon receiving the applicant's request for a partial or full release of covenant or security, the Board will request from the Town Engineer a report regarding the quality and quantity of work completed. The Town Engineer will produce a list of the items of work left to be completed in the subdivision, in accordance with the approved definitive subdivision plan and the rules and regulations, and give an estimate of the cost to cover the remaining items of work. Such estimate shall reflect 150% of the calculated cost.
- (5) If the Board determines that said construction or installation has not been completed in accordance with the approved definitive subdivision plan based on the Town Engineer's report, it shall specify in a notice sent by registered mail to the applicant and delivered to the Town Clerk the details wherein said construction and installation fail to comply with these rules and regulations. Upon failure of the Board to act on such application within 45 days after the receipt of the application by the Town Clerk, all obligations under the financial security shall cease and terminate and any deposit shall be returned and any such covenant shall become void. In the event that said forty-five-day period expires without such Board action or without the release and return of the bond or return of the financial security or release of the covenant as aforesaid, the Town Clerk shall issue a certificate to such effect, duly acknowledged, which shall be recorded.

§ 400-12 Design standards for new roadways.

- A. Location and alignment.
- (1) All streets/roads in the subdivision shall be designed so that, in the opinion of the Board, they will provide safe vehicular travel. Due consideration shall also be given by the applicant to create an attractive street/road layout.
- (2) The recommended street design standards presented by Table 1 and displayed by the Figures 1 to 9 are

to be used by the designer.

- (3) Streets shall be laid out so as to intersect as nearly as possible at right angles. No roadway shall intersect any other roadway at less than 70° (Figure 1). Owners are encouraged to consult with the Town's Tree Warden concerning removal of trees within the Town right-of-way and to plan and locate road intersections to minimize their loss.
- (4) Public and private utilities shall be located within the right-of-way in accordance with Figure 3. All utilities shall be underground. The applicant may be requested to make provisions for streetlighting.
- (5) Other design standards shall be consistent with Table 1.

B. Width.

- (1) The minimum width of a right-of-way shall be consistent with Table 1.
- (2) The minimum width and other dimensions of ways shall be as indicated by Figures 3 and 4 and in Table1. Eighteen-inch machine berms shall be required to be installed on both sides of the pavement.
- C. Dead-end way (Figure 1).
- (1) Dead-end ways shall be no longer than 1,200 feet unless, in the opinion of the Board, greater length is appropriate. The distance of 1,200 feet shall be measured from the intersecting right-of-way to the center of the turnaround along the proposed center line.
- (2) Dead-end ways shall be provided at the closed end with a circular turnaround having an outside roadway diameter of at least 90 feet and a property line diameter of at least 110 feet. "T" type turnarounds are not permitted. Dead-end ways shall be provided with a turning circle paved in the same manner as the rest of the roadway. The paved turning circle shall have a radius of at least 45 feet with twenty-five-foot transition radii. Within a circular turnaround, a thirty-foot diameter planting area may be considered by the Board.
- D. Waivers of road length limit. Where topography or other unique site conditions exist, the Board may waive the specified road length limit as it deems appropriate, provided that such action is, in the opinion of the Planning Board, in the public interest and not inconsistent with the intent or purposes of the Subdivision Control Law.
- E. Waivers from design standards for subdivisions to maintain rural character. In order to apply for waivers under this section, the applicant must file a preliminary subdivision plan along with any waiver requests with the Board. In order to maintain the rural character of an area, the Planning Board may grant waivers for a residential subdivision plan which is designed to be in keeping with the rural character of the surrounding area based on the following findings by the Board:
- (1) That the plan is well designed and generally in keeping with the design principles set forth in these rules and regulations.

- (2) That there is adequate access to the lots for the intended uses.
- (3) That the plan is in keeping with the character of the surrounding area.

§ 400-13 Design standards for utilities.

- A. Drainage.
- (1) The quantity of stormwater carried to basins or pipes shall be determined by the Rational Method, and the design shall be for twenty-five-year storms, except for bridges in which case it shall be for fifty-year storms. Coefficient of runoff to be used shall be as outlined in Appendix 1, a detailed description of the Rational Method of Drainage Design. Other methods may be used with the approval of the Planning Board on the recommendation of the Town Engineer.
- (2) Pipe drains, where used, shall have a minimum diameter of 12 inches. In general, they shall be designed to flow full with the hydraulic gradient at the crown. However, in flat slope areas surcharge may be allowed. The minimum velocity at design flow should be 2 1/2 feet per second and the maximum of 15 feet per second.
- (3) Stone-paved channels shall be installed where requested. The typical section of the channel shall have a flat bottom and side slope at least one foot higher than the design water surface. The maximum velocity allowed in any channel at design flow shall be six feet per second. A coefficient of friction "n" equal to 0.030 should be used for the stone-paved channel.
- (4) All stormwater shall be disposed of by subsurface leaching or drainage easements [see Subsection A(5) below]. No paved surface runoff shall be allowed to be directed to open stream channels or vegetative wetlands as defined in the Harwich Wetland Bylaw. Leaching basins shall be of the radial block or precast concrete type (Figure 5). These leaching basins shall be connected [equalizing pipe by a twelve-inch diameter asphalt-coated corrugated metal pipe (ACCMP) or high-density polyethylene pipe (HDPE) of the proper gauge or reinforced concrete pipe of the proper class]. Aluminum pipe under roadways will not be permitted unless encased in six inches of cement concrete.
- (5) Catch basins shall be spaced so that storm runoff is received from a maximum roadway distance of 250 feet. Catch basins located in low points (sags) shall collect from a roadway for a distance not greater than 200 feet. Runoff collected by catch basins will be piped to suitable leaching facilities located in easements outside the right-of-way. Said easements shall be at least 625 square feet in area and shall be of a suitable configuration for the proposed facility. Sufficient test pits shall be installed to determine the suitability of the soils for subsurface disposal. The center of the catch basins shall be located along the gutter line regardless of the percent grade.
- (6) Frames and grates. The Massachusetts standard square catch basin frame and grate shall be utilized for all catch basins and/or leaching basins.
- B. Water.
- (1) Water systems shall be installed in accordance with the standards of the Harwich Board of Water

Commissioners.

- (2) For all new subdivisions where access to Town water is available within 500 feet of the point of intersection of any new subdivision road with any Town or private road, the applicant shall be required to hook up to Town water and provide Town water service to all lots within said subdivision. For all new subdivisions where access to Town water is not available within 500 feet of the point of intersection of any new subdivision road with any Town or private road, the applicant shall be required to provide the required piping and hydrants within the entire subdivision to allow for hookup to Town water at such time as a main reaches within 500 feet of the point of intersection of said subdivision road.
- (3) The Board of Water Commissioners may grant a waiver to this requirement following a written request from the applicant explaining the reasons why neither option is feasible for the proposed subdivision. The Board of Water Commissioners shall provide written conformation of the grant of a waiver to the Planning Board. In the case of the grant of a waiver, a water easement shall be provided in accordance with the requirements of the Board of Water Commissioners. Said easement shall be delineated on the subdivision plan and an agreement prepared and submitted to the Board of Water Commissioners.
- C. Easements.
- (1) Easements for utilities across lots or centered on rear or side lot lines shall be provided where necessary and shall be at least 20 feet wide.
- (2) Where a subdivision is traversed by a watercourse, drainageway, channel, or stream, the Board may require that there be provided a stormwater easement or drainage right-of-way of adequate width to conform substantially to the lines of such watercourse, drainageway, channel, or stream and to provide for construction or other necessary purposes.

§ 400-14 Required improvements and specifications for construction.

- A. General provisions.
- Construction details and specifications shall comply with the standards as shown on Figures 3 and 5 unless the Planning Board grants waivers from the rules and regulations requirements.
- (2) All improvements specified on the definitive subdivision plan, road profile plans, and road cross sections shall be constructed or installed by the applicant in accordance with the provisions of the Harwich Bylaws, this section of the rules and regulations, or as directed by the Board. The applicant shall furnish all necessary materials, labor, and equipment that may be required to complete the work called for or implied on the definitive plan, including all related expenses. Items not specifically mentioned herein shall be constructed in accordance with the latest revision of the Standard Specifications for Highways and Bridges of the Massachusetts Department of Public Works (hereinafter referred to as the "Department's Specifications") unless specifically directed otherwise by the Board.
- (3) All work performed by the applicant as a consequence of these rules and regulations will be subject to the review and acceptance or approval of the Board. Therefore, the Town Engineer will act as the Planning Board's agent for the inspection of the work. In order that the Town Engineer may properly

inspect the work as it progresses, the applicant will keep the Town Engineer informed of the progress of the work and shall, at any time, provide safe and convenient access to all parts of the work for inspection by members of the Board or the Town Engineer. No work will be approved which has been covered prior to inspection by subsequent work. Reference should be made to § **400-15** for inspections required by the Board.

- B. Subdivision layout.
- (1) The subdivision, including all ways, lot lines, drain lines and utilities, shall be laid out as to line and grade by a professional land surveyor and a certificate filed with the Board to this effect. Stakes for line and grade, clearly marked with the proper station, shall be maintained throughout construction.
- (2) In the event that the construction of the road deviates from the plan and profile approved by the Board, the applicant must stop work and notify the Town Engineer. The Town Engineer will review the changes and consult with planning staff as necessary. If said changes are deemed to be significant in nature, work shall not resume until said changes are brought before the Board for review and approval. If said changes are deemed to be minor in nature, with the Town Engineer's approval, the work may proceed. All changes must be shown on the as-built plan.
- (3) Any work which in the opinion of the Board has not been properly laid out or does not conform to the plans may be checked by the Town Land Surveyor or a land surveyor employed by the Board. If the Board determines that such work does not conform to the plan, the applicant shall pay all costs that the Board incurs in connection with checking the work. No lots shall be released from the covenant until such payment has been made in full. The Board may require, at the applicant's expense, the removal and correct replacement of any work which has been incorrectly laid out.
- C. Clearing, grubbing and excavation.
- (1) No clearing of vegetation or grading for the development of ways or building sites shall commence until an approved, signed definitive plan has been recorded with the Barnstable Registry of Deeds or Land Court and evidence of such recording has been returned to the Board. This shall not apply to limited clearing for the purpose of surveying or performing percolation tests.
- (2) Proposed roadways shall be cleared, grubbed, and excavated to a minimum width of 35 feet. All deleterious materials, such as logs, stumps, branches, and brush, shall not be buried on any part of the subdivision property and shall be removed from the site and disposed of properly. Trees intended to be preserved shall be protected from injury by suitable boxes, or fenders, or wells if in fill.
- (3) The Town Engineer will make an inspection when this phase of the work is completed.
- D. Erosion control measures. Erosion control during and after construction shall be accomplished using the following erosion control measures recommended by the Unites States Soil Conservation Service:
- (1) Erosion minimization. Stripping of vegetation, soil removal, and regrading shall be accomplished so as to minimize erosion.

- (2) Duration of exposure. The duration of exposure of disturbed area shall be kept to a practical minimum.
- (3) Temporary erosion control. Temporary vegetation and/or mulching shall be used to protect exposed critical areas during development.
- (4) Permanent erosion control installation. Permanent (final) vegetation and mechanical measures to stabilize the land surface and control erosion shall be installed as soon as practicable after construction ends.
- (5) Protection of permanent drainage facilities. Until a disturbed area is stabilized, permanent drainage facilities, including but not limited to catch basins, pipes, retention basins, grass swales, and infiltration devices, shall be protected from sediment in runoff water by the use of temporary drainage facilities such as debris basins, sediment basins, silt traps, or other acceptable methods.
- (6) Dust control. During grading operations, methods of dust control shall be employed wherever practicable. The Board may require the implementation of reasonable soil erosion control measures during construction if, in its opinion, such measures are warranted but have not been implemented by the applicant.
- E. Drainage system.
- Drainage specifications. All proposed drainage systems shall be in compliance with Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Phase II Stormwater Regulations Best Management Practice.
- (2) Disposal of surface water. Adequate disposal of surface water shall be provided. Catch basin/leaching basin systems shall be constructed on both sides of the roadway and shall be interconnected. Systems shall be located on both sides of the pavement on continuous profile grades, at profile low points and at intersections. Systems shall also be located at intersections of proposed roads with existing roads. It is necessary that storm runoff from existing roads and/or gutter flow not enter the proposed subdivision drainage system and, therefore, disposal must be provided for within the existing road right-of-way in accordance with the requirements of the Director of Division of Highways and Maintenance. [Amended 5-11-2010]
- (3) Inspection required prior to backfilling. The Town Engineer will inspect the completed drainage system or sections thereof prior to placing any backfill.
- (4) Backfill specifications. All trench backfill for the storm and subsurface drains and other backfill within the limits of the way shall conform to the base course requirements. Frozen earth/soil shall not be used for backfill material.
- F. Utilities. All utilities shall be installed underground prior to the placing of the bituminous concrete binder course.
- Responsibility. The applicant shall provide and install all necessary materials, appurtenances and equipment to complete the utilities as may be required by these rules and regulations and as provided on the definitive plan in a manner acceptable to the officials or agency having jurisdiction over each

service. All costs incurred by the applicant as a consequence of installing and maintaining such utilities as the Board requires shall be paid by the applicant, including all costs which may be incurred for any reasons whatsoever. The Board will not take any action to have the applicant reimbursed for any costs so incurred.

- (2) Water distribution specifications.
- (a) General. Water distribution facilities shall be installed in conformity with specifications and requirements of the Harwich Board of Water Commissioners.
- (b) Hydrant and water main specifications. Water pipes and related equipment, such as hydrants and main shutoff valves, shall be constructed to serve all lots on each roadway. In addition, service connections shall be installed from the main to the opposite side of the roadway right-of-way line. These services shall be installed in accordance with Harwich Water Department specifications, with a proper stopcock at the approximate center of each lot. All stopcocks shall be located by permanent ties, the location of which will be filed with the Harwich Board of Water Commissioners.
- (3) All other utilities. All other utilities shall be installed in conformity with specifications and requirements of the specific utility company.
- (4) Notification of backfill and paving.
- (a) All work in connection with the utilities shall be left uncovered until the Town Engineer permits the backfill to be placed.
- (b) The applicant shall notify all companies with utilities installed or to be installed within the ways as to the date and time the applicant intends to place the gravel base course and the paving so that such utility company may properly record the location of pertinent features of the system so that they will not be covered or lost as a result of the paving operation.
- (5) Backfill specifications. All trench backfill material for the utilities within the way limits shall conform to the base course requirements. Frozen earth/soil shall not be used for backfill material.
- G. Preparation of subbase.
- (1) Topsoil and stone dust, gravel, processed stone, or reclaimed asphalt shall be stockpiled for future use on the site. The subbase shall be prepared in order to accept the base, base leveling course, and pavement in accordance with the approved plans and profiles. Such preparation shall include compaction of the roadbed prior to installation of the base leveling course.
- (2) All utilities including but not limited to storm drains, subdrains, and drainage structures within the way lines shall be installed prior to the completion of the subbase. This shall include the installation of each service pipe, sleeve, or conduit to the front lot line of each lot in the subdivision. Upon completion of the subbase and the backfill of all service trenches, the work will be inspected by the Town Engineer. Subsequent work shall not commence until the Town Engineer has approved the fill as acceptable for the application of the roadway foundation material.

- H. Base and base leveling course.
- (1) Upon completion of the subbase, four inches of processed stone or reclaimed asphalt (T-base) shall be placed and compacted with suitable equipment to a width of 28 feet. Four inches of dense-graded crushed stone conforming to the gradation shown in Table 2, or reclaimed asphalt, shall be placed and compacted to the width of the first four-inch layer. Moisture content of the processed material shall be sufficient to enable the material to be compacted into a firm, dense surface.
- (2) Reclaimed base borrow material for subbase course shall consist of crushed asphalt pavement, crushed cement concrete, and gravel borrow (meeting Massachusetts Highway Department Standard Specifications for Highways and Bridges) free from loam, clay and deleterious materials, including but not limited to brick, reinforcing steel, glass, wood, paper, plaster, lathing, and building rubble.
- (3) The coarse aggregate shall have a percentage of wear, by the Los Angeles Abrasion Test, of not more than 50.
- (4) The gradation shall meet the requirements as specified in Table 3.
- (5) The approved source of reclaimed pavement borrow material shall be processed by mechanical means. The equipment for producing crushed material shall be of adequate size and with sufficient adjustments to produce the desired materials. The processed material shall be stockpiled in such a manner as to minimize segregation of particle sizes. All reclaimed pavement borrow material shall come from approved stockpiles.
- (6) The composite gradation and moisture content shall be controlled to ensure a uniform product delivered to the job site.
- I. Pavement.
- (1) The prepared base shall be paved in two courses of Type 1 bituminous concrete (Figure 3). The binder course shall meet the requirements of Table 1. The bituminous concrete aggregate gradation shall be as given in Table 4. All road pavement shall be crowned in order to maintain a cross slope of 1/4 inch per foot to 3/8 inch per foot.
- (2) No bituminous work shall be done during rainy weather, upon any surface where water is ponding, when the temperature is lower than 34° and rising, or when frost is in the ground.
- J. Berms (Figure 8). Machined berms, where required, shall be placed along both edges of all roads. The berms shall be 18 inches wide with a three-inch minimum pitch. The berms shall be Type 1 bituminous concrete.
- K. Side slopes (Figure 8). Side slopes, where necessary, shall be no steeper than three horizontal on one vertical. In areas where fill has been placed to acquire the needed elevation and the vertical fill distance is six feet or greater, guardrails shall be placed. Rails and posts shall be of a design approved by the Town Engineer and/or Director of Division of Highways and Maintenance.

- L. Topsoiling and hydroseeding (Figure 8).
- (1) All areas which are disturbed by the construction shall be graded to blend into undisturbed areas and shall be loamed to a depth of four inches, fertilized, and hydroseeded. Loam obtained from the stripping operations may be used and/or loam may be furnished from off site by the contractor. All areas shall be given an application of lime (dolomitic limestone) and commercial fertilizer of an 8-6-4 mixture. The rate of application of lime shall be 45 pounds per 1,000 square feet and the rate of fertilizer application shall be 20 pounds per 1,000 square feet.
- (2) The following hydroseed mixture will be required:

38.8%	Rebel II Tall Fescue
38.3%	Tribute Tall Fescue
9.7%	Cowboy Perennial Rye Grass
9.5%	Baron Kentucky Bluegrass
3.2%	Other (weed, inert, crop grass, etc.)

- (3) The applicant shall be responsible for maintaining the (hydroseeded) areas until growth is established.
- M. Sidewalks.
- (1) Sidewalk requirement (Figure 2). Sidewalks (Figure 9) of not less than four feet in width shall be constructed on one side of the roadway, or both sides of the roadway when required by the Planning Board. The maximum grade for a sidewalk in a new subdivision will be 5%. This number reflects the current Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) requirement for walks. Any steeper grade would be considered in the same category with handicapped ramps and would, therefore, require handrails and grades of restricted length.
- (2) Subgrade (Figure 9). All materials shall be removed for the full width of the sidewalk to subgrade 8 1/2 inches below finished grade. All soft spots and other undesirable material below subgrade shall be replaced with gravel or other good binding material and rolled. This excavated area shall then be filled with six inches of a good quality stone dust, gravel, processed stone, or reclaimed asphalt and rolled with a pitch of 3/16 inch per foot toward the gutter/roadway.
- (3) Surface (Figure 9). One of the following methods may be used: forms shall be set to grade, filled with asphalt concrete and rolled to a thickness of 1 1/2 inches. A second course of 1 1/2 inches is then to be placed over the first one, in the same manner. Alternatively, other material may be used for the sidewalk surface, if approved by the Planning Board. In this case, specifications of the Massachusetts Department of Public Works shall be complied with.
- (4) Typical driveway/roadway intersection (Figure 9) The intersection of a sidewalk with a driveway or a roadway shall be constructed in accordance with the specifications detailed in Figure 9. At any point where a sidewalk meets a driveway or a roadway, the sidewalk shall remain at its pitch of 3/16 inch per foot toward the gutter/roadway.

- (5) Typical sidewalk retaining wall (Figure 9). If found to be necessary due to the steepness of side slopes within the layout of a new subdivision road, retaining walls shall be constructed along sidewalks in accordance with the specifications detailed in Figure 9. The height of the retaining wall may vary according to the finished grade of the side slopes. Six-inch by six-inch pressure-treated timbers with one-half-inch thick steel rods at four foot on center shall be installed at a depth of two feet. Lateral tiebacks with a one-inch steel rod and concrete anchor shall be installed when a retaining wall exceeds two feet in height. Filter fabric shall be placed between the pressure-treated timbers and the side slope. The disturbed area of the side slope shall be backfilled with excavated material and loamed and hydroseeded in accordance with Subsection L, Topsoiling and hydroseeding (Figure 8), above.
- (6) Maintenance of subdivision sidewalks during construction of structures and driveways.
- (a) Where a sidewalk exists along a roadway in the Town of Harwich, the condition and grade of the sidewalk shall not be disturbed when a structure and its driveway are under construction. When a driveway opening permit is applied for from the Division of Highways and Maintenance, each property owner shall provide a plan of the property, proposed driveway curb cut, and any existing subdivision sidewalks which may exist within the subdivision road layout. The Division of Highways and Maintenance will note the existence of a sidewalk on the permit and/or sign-off sheet that is submitted to the Building Department and will inform the applicant that the condition and grade of the sidewalk are to remain undisturbed throughout the building process of the structure.
- (b) At the final inspection stage of the building process, the local building official will note the condition of the existing sidewalk. If the sidewalk is found to be altered or inadequate in anyway, the local building official will notify the property owner of the sidewalk's condition. The property owner will be responsible for repairing any damage to the sidewalk and ensuring that it will be restored to its former condition.
- (7) Waiver of sidewalk construction. The Planning Board may grant a waiver of sidewalk construction at the applicant's request, contingent on a finding that the location of the subdivision or the rural nature of the subdivision would not benefit from the construction of a sidewalk as part of the subdivision. If a waiver of sidewalk construction is granted, the applicant will pay, in lieu of performance, an amount equivalent to the cost of constructing the waived sidewalk to the Town of Harwich to be used for sidewalk construction. The amount of the payment will be calculated by the Town Engineer and provided to the Planning Board and the applicant before the waiver request is considered.
- N. Granite or concrete bounds.
- (1) Granite or concrete bounds shall be placed at all intersections of roadway lines, angle points, and where there is a change in the direction of curvature or at center line of road.
- (2) Granite or concrete bounds shall be no less than 2 1/2 feet in length and a minimum of four inches square and shall be set as shown on the approved drawings with a three-eighths-inch drill hole or steel rod or brass cap set into the top to indicate the point. All concrete bounds are required to have a No. 4 reinforcement bar. The top of the granite or concrete bound when placed in a way shall be set flush with or to finish grade. All monuments must be properly placed, backfilled, and tamped with a good binding

gravel or stone dust.

- O. Lot corners. At all lot corners where a granite or concrete bound is not required under Subsection N above concrete bounds shall be set.
- P. Roadway name signs. Roadway name signs, of a type, lettering, and material approved by the Planning Board and the Director of the Division of Highways and Maintenance, shall be placed at all intersections. Signs may be ordered from the Harwich Division of Highways and Maintenance. Signs shall be installed prior to the issuance of any certificate of occupancy for any structure within the subdivision.
- Q. Cleaning up. The entire area of the subdivision shall be cleaned up to leave, in the opinion of the Board, a neat and orderly appearance, free from debris and other objectionable materials. All catch basins shall be cleaned out.
- R. Roadway maintenance. If released from restrictions with regard to sale of lots or buildings on lots by the posting of a performance bond or other security, the applicant shall maintain the roadway for vehicular traffic in a manner satisfactory to the Board. Further, the applicant shall maintain the roadway in a subdivision in a condition that meets all the above requirements to the satisfaction of the Board either until acceptance of the way by a vote of the Town or for a period of one year from the date of release.

\S 400-15 Inspections during construction.

- A. General provisions.
- (1) Responsibility.
- (a) All subdivision and road construction work performed in connection with these rules and regulations shall be subject to the review of the Planning Board, which shall approve or reject each phase or portion of such work and at completion shall recommend the acceptance of all work or disapproval of the work with reasons therefor. The Town Engineer, or a representative of the Engineering Department, will act as the Planning Board's agent in the inspection of the work to ensure compliance with these rules and regulations and will report to the Board with recommendations as to approval or disapproval of the work.
- (b) The applicant will engage the services of a professional engineer throughout both the design and construction phases of the work who will act as agent with the Town Engineer. The Town Engineer shall make certain inspections as prescribed herein prior to such work being covered by subsequent work. However, the Board and the Town Engineer shall have the right to inspect the work at any time. Therefore, the applicant shall at any time provide safe and convenient access to all parts of the work for inspection by the Board or its authorized agents.
- (2) Compliance. All work that has been disapproved or is not acceptable to the Board shall be removed and replaced or otherwise corrected to the point of complying with the requirements of the Board for acceptance. Any work that has been covered by subsequent work prior to acceptance or is otherwise not available or obscured to the point of rendering inspection of the work difficult shall be considered not

acceptable to the Board. Such subsequent work shall be removed as directed by the Town Engineer to ensure availability of the work to be inspected as required in this section. The release of the performance guarantee shall depend upon the acceptance of all work prescribed herein and on the definitive plan and as directed by the Board.

- (3) Inspection by the Town Engineer.
- (a) At points indicated in § **400-14** and as further described in this section hereinafter, the Town Engineer or a representative of the Engineering Department will inspect the construction of the required improvements. Unless approval of the work completed, including approval of the materials used, to each point of construction has been given in writing, no further work shall be commenced. Such inspections may include the taking of certain samples for laboratory analysis or testing. In such cases, the applicant shall ensure that the Town Engineer is in no way hindered or obstructed in the course of obtaining such samples. Where such samples are removed from the completed work, the applicant shall replace and restore such work, to the satisfaction of the Town Engineer, to its condition prior to the taking of the sample.
- (b) The Town Engineer may require certified copies of delivery receipt or bills of lading or other certification as to the description of materials used or incorporated in the work. The Town Engineer may also require a sample of any materials or supplies which may be incorporated in the work; such samples shall be furnished at the expense of the applicant, and the applicant shall pay for all costs and fees incurred by the Board as a result of transporting and testing such materials.
- B. Notification to the applicant's engineer.
- (1) Applicant's procedure. After the approval of the definitive plan, the applicant shall notify the Board as to the engineer who will act as his agent and keep the Town Engineer fully informed as to the status and progress of the work and shall notify the Town Engineer directly in writing, at least 48 hours in advance, that work has progressed to a stage that an inspection is required. Where applicable the applicant shall also submit testing results.
- (2) Town Engineer procedure. In the event that the Town Engineer makes an inspection of the work at the time designated and finds that such work is not at the proper state of completion or that the work has been covered or otherwise obscured, the Town Engineer shall notify the applicant and the Board as to the additional steps the applicant shall take to complete the work to the point required or to the extent the work shall be uncovered or exposed to full view. The applicant shall notify the Town Engineer again when the work is ready as prescribed in Subsection **B**(1) above.
- (3) Liability. The applicant shall pay for all costs and fees incurred by the Board as a result of requests by the applicant for inspection of the work that, in the opinion of the Board, was not at an acceptable stage of completion for such inspection.
- C. Lines and grades.
- (1) Deviation from plan and profile. The applicant's engineer will advise the Board at any time during the

construction if, in the Engineer's opinion, the work has not been laid out to the lines and grades as shown on the plan and profile associated with the approved definitive plan. In such cases, the applicant will proceed as described in § **400-14B**.

- (2) Responsibility. Any costs that occur as a result of deviating from the definitive plan during the construction phase of the subdivision are the responsibility of the applicant in addition to any fees required.
- D. Inspection of required improvements. The following inspections of the required improvements will be made by the Town Engineer. (Form B-5, Subdivision Road Construction Inspection Form, shall be used during each inspection.) These inspections may be in addition to any other inspection the Board may make or cause to be made. All sampling and testing of materials shall be performed by qualified personnel acceptable to the Town and shall be at the applicant's expense. At the discretion of the Town Engineer or the applicant's engineer, additional sampling may be required.
- (1) First inspection. An inspection will be made of the work upon completion of all clearing, grubbing, and excavation and all work incidental thereto as may be required in § **400-14C**. No fill shall have been placed at the time of this inspection.
- (2) Second inspection. An inspection will be made of the completed drainage system (without backfill) as required herein or on the definitive plan.
- (a) At the same time, or such other time as the work may be available, an inspection will be made of the completed utilities (without backfill) as required on the definitive plan. The inspection of the required utilities will be made by the agency responsible for the particular service as well as by the applicant's engineer. The Town Engineer shall also be notified so that he or she may inspect the utilities prior to backfill. Each agency so involved will notify the Town Engineer of the approval of such work.
- (b) Backfill of any portion of the drainage system or utilities shall not be made until after receipt of notification of approval or acceptance by the Town Engineer or agency responsible.
- (c) The inspection of the construction of the ways shall include the inspection of the backfilling and compaction of all utility trenches as may be installed by utility companies, and such work shall be performed in the manner as required by these rules and regulations. It shall be the applicant's responsibility to ensure compliance with these requirements. If, in the opinion of the Planning Board, the backfilling and compaction of utility trenches and the patching of the pavement, if required, have not been performed in accordance with these rules and regulations, the Planning Board may not release the bond or covenant applicable until such work has been performed to the satisfaction of the Planning Board.
- (3) Third inspection. An inspection will be made of the compacted fill as specified in § **400-14G** and as may be required to bring the roadways to their proposed grades. The applicant shall notify the Town and the Town Engineer as to the source of gravel for fill, as soon as such information is known, so that samples may be taken and analyzed by the Town and the Town Engineer. The applicant is hereby advised not to proceed with the filling operation until the Town and the Town Engineer notify the applicant that the

gravel proposed for the fill is acceptable. If the applicant proceeds with the fill prior to such notice this act shall be at the applicant's own risk. The applicant shall not use a gravel source other than the one designated without prior notice to the Board and the Town Engineer. The applicant's engineer or the Town Engineer may also require compaction tests.

- (4) Fourth inspection. An inspection will be made of the first layer of compacted roadway foundation (stone dust, gravel, processed stone, or reclaimed asphalt) as specified in § 400-14H. A gravel sample or samples may be taken, at the option of the Town Engineer, in the same manner as prescribed for the third inspection. Compaction tests may also be required by the applicant's engineer or the Town Engineer.
- (5) Fifth inspection. An inspection will be made of the final layer of compacted roadway foundation (processed stone) prior to the application of the concrete penetration as specified in § 400-14H, and a gravel sample may be taken by the Town Engineer. Compaction tests may also be required by the applicant's engineer or the Town Engineer.
- (6) Sixth inspection. An inspection of the binder course (bituminous concrete) will be made during placement and following completion. If required, samples of the mix shall be taken by the applicant's engineer or the Town Engineer for the purposes of performing extraction tests, compaction tests, or pavement thickness tests. Core drill samples may be required at the applicant's expense. Certified paving slips indicating bituminous concrete quantities shall be submitted to the applicant's engineer, who will tabulate the quantities, check the correlation with the anticipated qualities, and then forward the slips and a report to the Town Engineer.
- (7) Seventh inspection. An inspection of the finish course (bituminous concrete) before, during, and following the placement of the mix shall be performed. A tack coat shall be applied to the binder course of mix prior to placement of the top coat where required by the applicant's engineer or the Town Engineer. The requirements regarding sampling, testing, and quantity slips indicated in Subsection D(6) above for the binder course shall also apply to the top course.
- (8) Eighth inspection. An inspection will be made of all work as required on sidewalks, berms, topsoil, hydroseeding, open space, side slopes, monuments, bounds, and roadway signs.
- (9) Ninth inspection. A final inspection will be made of all subsequent work as required herein or on the definitive plan, which shall include the final cleanup. An as-built plan shall be filed following this inspection.
- E. Town Engineer's report.
- (1) The Town Engineer will submit a completed certified report to the Board for each way in a subdivision.
- (2) If the applicant submits a request for full or partial release from the covenant with the Town, the Planning Board may request a report from the Town Engineer prior to completion of the subdivision road(s).

Article III Special Permits, Including Site Plans

§ 400-16 General requirements.

- A. Applicability. A site plan special permit from the Planning Board is required for all activities outlined in § 325-55C of the Harwich Zoning Bylaw. This is in addition to any special permit or variance required under § 325-13 (Table of Use Regulations) of the Harwich Zoning Bylaw. The Planning Board may waive strict compliance with these Rules and Regulations Governing Site Plan Special Permits when, in its judgment, such action is in the public interest and not inconsistent with the intent or purposes of these rules and regulations or the Zoning Bylaw.
- B. Applications and plans. The following must be filed with the Town Clerk for application for a special permit, including a site plan special permit:
- (1) Complete application.
- (a) A complete application shall include all items listed in Appendix 4 respective to the nature of the special permit and any other requirements as specified in § **400-17**.
- (b) Failure to submit a complete application at the time of filing may be grounds for denial of the site plan special permit. Failure to submit the required site plan fee prior to the scheduled public hearing may also be grounds for denial. Failure to file a complete application with the Board may be grounds for denial by the Planning Board (MGL c. 40A, §§ 9 and 14).
- (c) For uses that do not utilize a structure, the area of the parcel covered by land areas must be expressed separately for each parcel and for each zoning district affecting each parcel. These numbers must also be shown as a project total for each zoning district. Such use must be specified.
- (d) Plans for redevelopment of a site or modification of an approved site plan must show all land on the subject parcel and any other parcels relating to the subject use, including all structures, parking areas, other appurtenant facilities, and open space (undeveloped natural areas and landscaped areas). Failure to show all property pertaining to the subject use(s) may result in incomplete notification to all parties in interest, which may invalidate any approval obtained.
- (2) Traffic study.
- (a) The Board may also require the applicant to submit professionally prepared documentation of the environmental, traffic, or other impacts of a particular project (use) or project element in order to determine compliance with the general conditions for granting a special permit.
- (b) If the Board requires a traffic study for the proposed use/project, the applicant shall document the traffic levels expected for average daily traffic and a.m. and p.m. peak hours. This data shall be presented for summer and nonsummer periods.
- (3) Landscaping. See Table 7.
- (a) When required, details of the proposed landscaping plan shall include all proposed landscaping,

including species names, quantities, location, and size upon planting. Evergreen species shall be specifically identified as such when used for screening.

- (b) The plan must also show with appropriate graphic symbols the specific areas of landscaping which are counted as interior landscaping. A dotted line shall be used to delineate the area used for total parking lot area for the purpose of interior landscaping computation, which should include parking spaces, the maneuvering area for a single space or row of spaces, the maneuvering area between two rows of spaces, all loading areas, and the landscape islands. Areas to be excluded from total parking area computations and interior landscape area totals are driveway areas where there are no adjacent parking spaces and areas beyond the perimeter of the parking area, such as building yard areas, required parking setback areas and non-island or non-peninsula landscape areas along the perimeter of the parking area.
- (4) Utilities: water.
- (a) Location of existing waterlines, if any, and the location of any existing hydrants within the site or within the layout of any way adjacent to the site, if any shall be marked on the plan.
- (b) The location of proposed waterlines and hydrants is to be determined pursuant to the requirements of the Board of Water Commissioners and shall be shown on the site plan.
- (5) Revised site plans. A revised site plan is defined as any plan showing a change in a filed site plan that is awaiting Board action. For the purpose of this section, any plan showing a change in a site plan which has received action by the Board to approve or deny will be subject to all of the requirements for an initial site plan special permit application. When a filed site plan is to be revised, six copies of the revised site plan, which must show the latest revision date, must be submitted to the Town Clerk's office no later than 10 days prior to the next scheduled discussion of the application by the Board.

§ 400-17 Additional requirements.

- A. Accessory apartment or two-family dwelling.
- (1) In addition to the general requirements, the following must be filed with the Town Clerk for application for an accessory apartment special permit:
- (a) Two copies of a signed and notarized affidavit by the owner stating that he or she will live in one of the units on a year-round basis. In the case of a not-for-profit housing entity proof of ownership must be filed.
- (b) Two copies of the required covenant for parcels in a Water Resource Protection District.
- (c) Accurately drawn and scaled floor plans of both the existing structure and the proposed apartment, showing floor area by room and the common wall between the two units.
- (d) Building elevation drawings showing all existing and proposed entrances to the main dwelling and the accessory apartment.
- (2) Parking spaces must have direct access to a roadway and may not be lined up one behind the other.

- B. Drinking Water Resource Protection District.
- (1) In addition to the general requirements, the following must be filed with the Town Clerk for application for a special permit in the Drinking Water Resource Protection District:
- (a) A plan showing the location of all buildings, impervious surfaces, subsurface disposal systems and boundaries of the district where applicable.
- (b) A drainage plan for the property showing the method to be used for disposing of all runoff from impervious surfaces. If dry wells are to be used, evidence must be presented to show that other methods of disposal are undesirable.
- (c) A complete list of the type and quantities of all chemicals, pesticides, fuels and other potentially hazardous or toxic materials to be stored, used, or disposed of on site.
- (d) A description of how and where the hazardous materials will be stored, accompanied by a description of the provisions which will be employed to protect all said materials from vandalism, corrosion, leakage, and spills. The description should include control measures and the degree of threat to the groundwater quality should controls fail.
- (e) A description of potentially toxic or hazardous waste or waste by-products to be generated, indicating storage and/or disposal methods to be used.
- (f) Nitrogen loading calculation of wastewater to be disposed of on site.
- (2) For any project where runoff other than typical runoff from parking lots or driveways may occur and/or subsurface disposal of materials other than typical septage waste may occur, the following additional information shall be supplied:
- (a) Data developed from test borings and test holes or wells to adequately indicate the elevation (mean sea level datum) of the groundwater on site and the nature and composition of the soil.
- (b) A projection of groundwater flow conditions on site, including a description of down-gradient water resources and an evaluation of the impact of disposal of accidental spills on such resources.
- (c) A description of mitigating measures which the applicant plans to implement to eliminate the potential for groundwater contamination and any backup measure should said measure fail.
- (3) The Planning Board shall make findings with the guidance of the Board of Health and/or Health Department consistent with the requirements of § **325-51C** of the Harwich Zoning Bylaw.

§ 400-18 Review procedure.

Public hearing. Following the submittal of a completed application and plans, the planning staff will schedule a public hearing before the Planning Board consistent with the requirements of MGL c. 40A, § 9, which requires public notice of the time and place of the public hearing and of the subject matter, sufficient for identification, as follows:

- The Board shall give notice by advertisement in a newspaper of general circulation in the Town of Harwich, once in each of two successive weeks, the first publication being not less than 14 days before the day of such hearing;
- (2) The Board shall give notice by posting such notice in a conspicuous place in the Town Hall for a period of not less than 14 days before the day of such hearing; and
- (3) The applicant shall give notice by mailing a copy of such advertisement via certified mail, return receipt, to property owners within 300 feet abutting the subject property, which may also include abutters to abutters, and properties across the roadway from the subject property. The advertisement and list of abutters, to include names and addresses of abutters certified by the Harwich Board of Assessors, will be supplied to the applicant by the Planning Department. Said notice shall be mailed out no less than 10 days prior to the scheduled public hearing. A copy of the certified mail receipts must be filed with the Planning Office and the original returned "green cards" shall be submitted as well. [Amended 5-11-2010]
- B. Planning Board action. In accordance with MGL c. 40A, the Board shall hold the public hearing within 65 days of the filing with the Town Clerk. Following the closing of the hearing, the Planning Board shall have 90 days to render a decision and file it with the Town Clerk. Once the decision is rendered, the Board shall have 14 days to file said decision with the Town Clerk, but within 90 days from the closing of the hearing. The Planning Board may approve, approve with conditions or modifications, or disapprove said plan as provided by MGL c. 40A by a two-thirds vote. Said decision shall state specifically the reasons for such action. A copy of the decision shall be forwarded to the applicant and/or the representative.
- C. Effective date. No special permit shall be effective until the appeal period has passed and a copy certified by the Town Clerk is recorded together with any covenant made in connection with said special permit at the Registry of Deeds in Barnstable County. The site shall not be occupied or used until a certificate of completion has been issued by the Planning Board.
- D. Appeal period and certificate of approval. Following the filing of the decision with the Town Clerk there shall be a twenty-day appeal period. Provided the application is approved or approved with conditions or modifications and following the expiration of the appeal period the applicant or the representative may request from the Town Clerk a certification that no appeal was taken in this matter.
- E. Covenants and agreements. In any case where the Board, pursuant to the authority conferred on it by the Zoning Bylaw, has voted to grant a density bonus to an applicant, the Board shall require, prior to the issuance of a special permit, that the applicant execute a covenant in such form as the Board deems appropriate wherein the applicant agrees to construct the amenities for which the density bonus has been granted according to a specific timetable with such security guaranteeing said construction as the Board and the applicant may agree is appropriate. As a condition to the grant of a special permit, the Board may require that, when constructed, said amenities will be conveyed by the applicant or other person developing the project to any of the individuals, groups, or corporations designated by the Town of Harwich Zoning Bylaw or by MGL c. 40A, § 9. [Amended 5-11-2010]

- F. Recording of the special permit decision. Upon filing the special permit decision with the Town Clerk, the Board shall send a copy of the decision to the applicant notifying the applicant that the decision has been filed with the Harwich Town Clerk and an appeal, if any, from the Board's decision must be filed with the Superior Court or a District Court of Barnstable County or the Massachusetts Land Court within 20 days. After the twenty-day appeal period has expired, the applicant shall present the decision to the Town Clerk for certification that no appeal has been taken. Once this certification is received, the decision must be recorded at the Barnstable County Registry of Deeds. After recording the decision, the applicant shall return copies of the decision, stamped at the Registry, to the Board and the Town Clerk.
- G. Inspection, certificate of completion and as-built plan. The site shall not be occupied or used until one of the following has been complied with:
- (1) The applicant shall notify the Planning Department/Planning Board when all required site work has been completed. The Board shall obtain in writing from the Planning Department, or other designated Planning Board agent, a certification that all work required by the rules and regulations and the approved site plan special permit (with conditions, if any) has been inspected by it or him or her and completed to the satisfaction of all Town agencies involved in the site plan process. In addition, an asbuilt plan, certified by a professional land surveyor or registered engineer, shall be submitted to the Planning Department/Planning Board. The as-built plan shall attest to the development's conformity with the approved site plan by indicating landscaping, buildings, structures, signs, drainage and all other site improvements. Until the certification and as-built are approved, the site shall not be occupied or used.
- (2) In the alternative, the applicant may submit a cost estimate to cover the remaining site work to be performed and the cost to prepare and submit an as-built plan. The Town Engineer shall review said estimate and shall submit a report to the Planning Board indicating the accuracy of the estimate and stating any recommendations or discrepancies. The Planning Board shall review the estimate and the Town Engineer's report and set the amount for a cash bond or passbook account. An incentive factor of 150% shall be calculated in to the final amount. The cash bond or passbook account shall be released or reduced by the Planning Board only after certification by the Planning Board that all of the required improvements or those improvements requested for release have been completed in conformance with the approved plan and all applicable conditions and regulations. There shall be no complete release until an as-built plan is submitted and accepted by the Planning Board.

§ 400-19 Other requests.

- A. Waiver from site plan requirement. Pursuant to § **325-55F** of the Harwich Zoning Bylaw, the Planning Board may waive the requirement of the filing of a site plan. When, in the opinion of the Planning Board, the requirements of § **325-55C** of the Harwich Zoning Bylaw do not substantially change the relationship of the structure to the site and to abutting properties and structures, the Planning Board my determine, without a public hearing, that submission of a site plan for special permit approval is not required.
- (1) Application requirements. The following must be filed with the Town Clerk for application for a waiver from site plan special permit requirements:

- (a) All items as listed in Appendix 4.
- (b) A clearly drawn plan to scale shall be prepared showing the proposed changes and/or additions to the site. If an approved site plan special permit exists the same plan shall be utilized showing the proposed changes and/or additions to the site.
- (c) Site plan information may be superimposed on a valid survey plan or a valid existing site plan, provided that the following notation is included on the site plan: "[This site plan was prepared by (name of preparer) using a (plan of land/site plan) titled "______, dated ______ and last revised on _____, scale: _____, prepared by _____.]"
- (2) Planning Board action.
- (a) Following the submittal of a completed application and plan, the planning staff will schedule a public meeting before the Planning Board.
- (b) A notice of said meeting shall be mailed to the abutters no less than 10 days prior to the schedule meeting.
- (c) Failure to submit a complete application at the time of filing may be grounds for denial of the site plan special permit. Failure to submit the required site plan fee prior to the scheduled public hearing may also be grounds for denial.
- B. Repetitive petition. Section 16 of MGL c. 40A provides for a repetitive petition process before the Planning Board. The Planning Board has the ability to refer cases back to the permit or special permit granting authority within two years of an unfavorable action by said authority.
- (1) Application requirements. In addition to items listed in Appendix 4, the following must be filed with the Town Clerk for application for a special permit:
- (a) Original plan presented to the special permit granting authority or the permit granting authority which denied the original request.
- (b) A revised plan showing, if applicable, showing the changes and/or differences from the original plan.
- (2) Planning Board action. In order for the Planning Board to give its consent for a case to return to said authority, the Board must make a finding, with a vote of all but one member of the Planning Board, that there are specific and material changes in the conditions upon which the previous unfavorable action was based. Notice of the consent proceedings shall be given to parties in interest of the time and place of such proceedings.

§ 400-20 Earth removal and sand and gravel mining in Six Ponds Special District. [Amended 5-11-2010]

Earth removal and sand and gravel mining within the Six Ponds Special District require an operations permit in accordance with § **325-102** of the Zoning Bylaw

Attachments:

400a App 1 Rational Method Drainage Des

400b App 2 Tables 1 to 7

400c App 3 Figures 1 to 10

400d App 4 Req for App and Plans